SUMMARY of CHANGE

AR 700-28
Committee for Ammunition Logistics Support

This administrative revision, dated 28 June 2007--

- Changes major Army commands to Army commands throughout.
- Makes administrative changes throughout.

This regulation consolidates AR 700-16, AR 15-2, and AR 15-16. Specifically, this consolidation--

- Establishes the charter for the Committee for Ammunition Logistics Support (para 1-1).
- Incorporates Missile Distribution Plan policy into the Committee for Ammunition Logistics Support allocation process (para 1-11).
- Formalizes implementation of the Single Manager for Conventional Ammunition, the Executive Director for Conventional Ammunition, and the Joint Staff allocation policies into a single regulation (chaps 1 and 3).
- Consolidates the wartime and peacetime munitions allocation process into a single regulation (chap 2).
- Updates organizations involved in munitions procurement, use, and management (chap 2).
- Provides policy and procedure for transition to peacetime and wartime allocation and distribution of munitions (chaps 2 and 3).
- Consolidates the Committee for Ammunition Logistics Support allocation process for conventional ammunition and the missile ammunition Class V allocation process and the Missile Distribution Plan into a single Army regulation (chap 3).
Committee for Ammunition Logistics Support

By Order of the Secretary of the Army:

GEORGE W. CASEY, JR.,
General, United States Army
Chief of Staff

Official:

JOYCE E. MORROW
Administrative Assistant to the
Secretary of the Army

History. This publication is an administrative revision. The portions affected by this administrative revision are listed in the summary of change.

Summary. This publication incorporates a charter for the Committee for Ammunition Logistics Support (CALS). It provides policy for Army peacetime and wartime allocation of Class V conventional ammunition and missiles that need intensive management. This will ensure Army training programs; test programs; readiness; sustainability; and research, development, test, and evaluation are most equitably supported within Army priorities and resource availability. It provides policy for execution of Army responsibilities for the distribution of new production and stockpiles to Army and non-Army customers as prescribed in Department of Defense Directive (DODD) 5160.65, which deals with the Single Manager for Conventional Ammunition (SMCA), and implements appropriate portions of DOD 5160.65–M. The Secretary of the Army is the SMCA. That official has delegated execution of the SMCA operations to the Program Executive Office, Ammunition (PEO AMMO). DODD 5160.65 specifies those functions assigned to the SMCA and those retained by the Military Services. This regulation also implements in the Army allocation process the Joint Conventional Ammunition policies and procedures, and those of the Joint Materiel Prioritization and Allocation Board.

Applicability. This regulation applies to the Active Army, the Army National Guard of the United States (ARNGUS)/Army National Guard (ARNG), and the U.S. Army Reserve, unless stated otherwise. It applies to SMCA elements within the Army and to activities supporting the Army’s mission to all Department of Defense Military Services.

Proponent and exception authority. The proponent of this regulation is the Deputy Chief of Staff, G–4 (DCS, G–4). The DCS, G–4 has the authority to approve exceptions or waivers to this regulation that are consistent with controlling law and regulation. The proponent may delegate this approval authority, in writing, to a division chief within the proponent agency or its direct reporting unit or field operating agency, in the grade of colonel or the civilian equivalent. Activities may request a waiver to this regulation by providing justification that includes a full analysis of the expected benefits and must include formal review by the activity’s senior legal officer. All waiver requests will be endorsed by the commander or senior leader of the requesting activity and forwarded through their higher headquarters to the policy proponent. Refer to AR 25–30 for specific guidance.

Army management control process. This regulation does not contain management control provisions.

Supplementation. Supplementation of this regulation and establishment of command and local forms are prohibited without prior approval from the Deputy Chief of Staff, G–4, ATTN: DALO–SUM, 500 Army Pentargon, Washington, DC 20310–0500.

Suggested improvements. Users are invited to send in comments and suggested improvements to this regulation. Internet users can submit their comments and suggested improvements through the electronic DA Form 2028 (Recommended Changes to Publications and Blank Forms) found within the individual Deputy Chief of Staff, G–4 regulation and pamphlet. Anyone without Internet access should submit their comments and suggested improvements on a DA Form 2028 directly to HQDA, ODCS, G–4, ATTN: DALO–SUM, 500 Army Pentargon, Washington, DC 20310–0500.

Committee Continuance Approval. The Department of the Army Committee Management Officer concurs in the continuance of the Committee for Ammunition Logistic Support.

Distribution. This publication is available in electronic media only and is intended for command level C for the Active Army, the Army National Guard of the United States, and the U.S. Army Reserve.

*This regulation supersedes AR 700–28, dated 1 April 2004.
Chapter 1
Introduction

Section I
Overview

1–1. Purpose
This regulation—
   a. Prescribes policy and mandated procedures for the allocation, control, and distribution of—
      (1) Class V munitions (conventional ammunition and missiles) in both peacetime and times of increased munition
          requirements (for example, small-scale contingencies, mobilization, and wartime operations).
      (2) Class V training unique items (for example, target practice, training practice, short-ranged, limited-ranged, and
          other Service training munition) that were procured only to support specified training requirements.
   b. Charters the Department of the Army Committee for Ammunition Logistics Support or "(CALS)" to allocate,
      distribute, or redistribute munitions in actual or potential short supply.
   c. Establishes a General Officer Steering Committee (GOSC) to review and provide guidance to the CALS, when
      needed.
   d. Implements DODD 5160.65 and defines responsibilities of the Executive Director for Conventional Ammunition
      (EDCA) in the munitions allocation process.
   e. Provides an official forum to facilitate the exchange of information concerning problems involving munition
      logistics support among the Army commands (ACOMs), theaters, Department of the Army, Department of the Navy,
      the Department of the Air Force, Joint Staff, and Office of the Secretary of Defense.
   f. Designates the allocation, distribution, and redistribution of other Services’ munitions as agreed to by the other
      Services as part of the CALS process, the CALS—Working Group (CALS–WG) process, or as directed by the Joint
      Materiel Prioritization and Allocation Board (JMPAB).

1–2. References
Required and related publications and prescribed and referenced forms are listed in appendix A.

1–3. Explanation of abbreviations and terms
Abbreviations and special terms used in this regulation are explained in the glossary.

Section II
Responsibilities

1–4. Deputy Chief of Staff, G–4
The Deputy Chief of Staff, G–4 (DCS, G–4) will—
   a. Prescribe policy and provide staff direction and guidance for the CALS.
   b. Control the allocation, distribution, and redistribution of Army munitions.
   c. Ensure that the allocation of missiles that are solely associated with fielding of missile firing units will meet the
      Deputy Chief of Staff, G–8 (DCS, G–8) fielding plan based on the Department of the Army Requirementsl Prioritiza-
      tion List (DARPL) or as specified by the Army Systems Integrators.
   d. Ensure allocations are coordinated with the JMPAB, when either multiple combatant commanders or theaters are
      involved or worldwide operational or emergency situations are indicated. Allocations are to be coordinated with the
      JMPAB even if only Army assets are involved in the decision.
   e. Designate a chairperson of the CALS. The chairperson will designate co-chairpersons, as deemed appropriate.
   f. Ensure that the CALS charter includes organizations, functions, membership, and procedures for CALS opera-
      tions, and that it is maintained to accomplish the CALS mission.

1–5. Deputy Chief of Staff, G–3
The Deputy Chief of Staff (DCS, G–3) will—
   a. Provide requirements, allocation and distribution priorities, and guidance for munitions.
   b. Provide, as needed, standing co-chairpersons and for the allocation process in support of requirements, weapons
      system fielding plans, force deployment schedules, and Army priorities for munitions distribution.

1–6. Director, Program Analysis and Evaluation Directorate
The Director, Program Analysis and Evaluation Directorate (PA&E) will—
   a. Review programs and shortfalls to determine allocation priorities of available resources to approved programs.
b. Ensure adequate resources are available to enable execution of Army munitions responsibilities in support of Department of Defense (DOD) operations.

1–7. **Deputy Chief of Staff, G–8**
The Deputy Chief of Staff, G–8 (DCS, G–8) will—
a. Review requirements, allocation, and distribution priorities.
b. Program resources to support munitions requirements.
c. Provide, as needed, standing co-chairperson.
d. Provide as needed, weapons systems integrators.

1–8. **U.S. Army Materiel Command, Deputy Chief of Staff for Operations, G–3**
The Deputy Chief of Staff for Operations, G–3 will—
a. Provide a CALS vice-chairperson.
b. Either execute decisions or direct execution of decisions made by the CALS depending on his or her role in the CALS process.
c. Ensure that the Army staff receives appropriately staffed and coordinated CALS actions/issues prior to their submission for consideration.
d. Develop and publish procedures for emergency CALS requests (mini-CALS) during peacetime. Procedures will consider all types of peacetime requests to include, but not be limited to security assistance programs, executive directed drawdowns, and other statutory programs.

1–9. **Army Commands, Army Service Component Commands, and Direct Reporting Units**
Commanders of Army commands (ACOMs), Army Service Component Commands (ASCC), Direct Reporting Units (DRU) will provide representatives to CALS meetings for conventional ammunition and missiles who are authorized to act on behalf of their command or agency.

1–10. **Commanding General, Joint Munitions Command**
The Commanding General, Joint Munitions Command (CG, JMC) will—
a. Host the Conventional Ammunition CALS meeting and provide attendees logistical and administrative support.
b. Serve as the Official Recording Secretary to record significant logistical discussions and CALS conventional ammunition allocations and to distribute decisions and minutes.

1–11. **Commanding General, U.S. Army Aviation and Missile Command**
The Commanding General, U.S. Army Aviation and Missile Command (CG, AMCOM) will—
a. Host the Missile Distribution Plan (MIDP) session of the CALS meeting and provide attendees logistical and administrative support.
b. Serve as the Official Recording Secretary to record significant logistical discussions, CALS missile allocations, and distribution decisions and minutes.
c. Publish the MIDP semiannually within 45 days of the CALS for the MIDP.

1–12. **The Executive Director for Conventional Ammunition and the Single Manager for Conventional Ammunition**
The Executive Director for Conventional Ammunition (EDCA), in conjunction with the Single Manager for Conventional Ammunition (SMCA) mission (PEO Ammunition), will—
a. Support the CALS and JMPAB in the coordination and resolution of issues among all Services with respect to allocations involving multiple Service conventional ammunition, and missile munitions, raw materials, and production capability.
b. Provide munitions (conventional ammunition and missile munitions) input and representation to the JMPAB in situations involving munitions allocation decisions by the Joint Staff.

1–13. **The General Officer Steering Committee**
The CALS GOSC will—
a. Be chaired by the HQDA ADCS, G–4.
b. Include the chairpersons, the co-chairpersons, and the vice-chairpersons from DAPR–FD, DAMO–TR, and USAMC.
c. Provide CALS guidance and direction, as required. The DCS, G–4, DCS, G–3, USAMC, and all standing members of the CALS, in coordination with the National Inventory Control Points (NICP) and Army commands, ASCCs, DRUs, will develop and present any issues requiring GOSC attention or decision. CALS standing members
will brief the GOSC, either collectively or individually at the discretion of the GOSC, on decisions and unresolved issues.

Chapter 2
Policies

2–1. Ammunition allocations

a. Allocation and distribution will be accomplished per CALS decisions. The CALS allocations remain valid for the allocation period unless changed at a subsequent meeting and approved by the chairperson.

b. In general, the allocation pattern will be consistent with the requirements reflected in the Illustrative Planning Scenario, the DARPL sequence, the theater commander’s priority, and the theater logistics support capability.

c. The ODCS, G–3 controls the allocation and redistribution of Army missiles for new weapons system fielding and for missile units’ tactical load and configuration.

d. Actions and taskers resulting from either the wartime or peacetime CALS, including the CALS–WG, will be officially recorded in the CALS minutes. The chairperson, co-chairpersons, and vice-chairperson will approve the minutes that will be distributed to attendees, other commands, and agencies for necessary action or information.

2–2. Requisitioning

a. Requisitioning of the CALS-controlled munitions (conventional ammunition and missiles) will be restricted to the quantities that CALS allocates. In peacetime, emergency changes can be made but must be coordinated with and receive ODCS, G–4’s approval.

b. The following procedures will be adhered to during peacetime:

(1) Army commands, ASCCs, DRUs will submit their request for change to allocation in writing to the appropriate National Inventory Control Point (NICP) with detail justification. The justification will include a required delivery date.

(2) The NICP will conduct a detailed assessment of each request and will immediately forward an assessment through to ODCS, G–4 for their review.

(3) The ODCS, G–4 will coordinate requests for change with other staff elements prior to making a decision.

(4) The ODCS, G–4 is the final approval authority on all emergency requests or mini-CALS issues and will direct execution of its final decision in writing to the NICP.

(5) The NICP will notify the Army commands, ASCCs, DRUs of DCS, G–4’s decision.

c. All requests to support security assistance programs, executive directed drawdowns, and other statutory programs will be handled in the same manner as stated above. The DCS, G–4 will conduct the final review in concert with the Army staff on such programs and will provide the Army’s position to appropriate agencies.

d. During mobilization or wartime, emergency changes will be considered, when justified by Army commands, ASCCs, DRUs commanders in an operational immediate message to HQDA Washington DC//AOC–DAMO–ODO/ DALO–LOC/DALO–SUM//.

2–3. Security assistance program

The CALS will review security assistance programs for potential diversion of munitions to support mobilization and emergency operational conditions, provided the title for such has not been transferred to the security assistance customer. When CALS determines that a diversion is in the best interest of the Government, it will coordinate the diversion with the JMC’s Security Assistance Program manager.

Chapter 3
Procedures

3–1. Peacetime Committee for Ammunition Logistics Support

a. The peacetime CALS will convene twice a year to review and approve munitions allocations for the next 12 months. The first 6 months will address firm allocations. The second 6 months will be for planning purposes.

b. The Committee for Ammunition Logistics Support meetings are to be held not more than 60 or less than 30 days prior to the semiannual ammunition procurement review.

c. The Committee for Ammunition Logistics Support conferences for conventional ammunition and for missiles will be held together, if possible, or in succession to both maximize savings in travel funds and to ensure their results are coordinated.

d. Under normal circumstances, CALS will convene at the appropriate NICP headquarters. When the CALS chairperson believes it necessary, special meetings may be called.
e. The Office of the Deputy Chief of Staff, G–4 (DALO–SUM) will notify CALS members of the chairperson-established meeting dates, no less than 4 weeks prior to the meeting. Attendees will confirm their attendance 3 weeks before the announced meeting date.

f. The chairperson of the respective CALS (conventional and missile munitions) will provide CALS guidance to USAMC, JMC, and AMCOM at least 60 days prior to convening of the CALS.

g. A pre-CALS meeting will convene, if needed, to prepare for an upcoming CALS meeting.

(1) The pre-CALS meeting must be scheduled so that decisions and results can be incorporated in the CALS worksheets and the CALS process.

(2) Video conference pre-CALS to review and discuss policies, programs, initiatives, and potential issues for either CALS or the GOSC, and to finalize arrangements for the CALS, will be held at the call of the CALS chairperson.

3–2. Wartime Committee for Ammunition Logistics Support

a. The wartime CALS will be activated—

(1) During periods when the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the Secretary of Defense, or the President, determine that the need for mobilization or military operations of the United States or its allies is imminent, or for support of authorized simulated mobilization exercises.

(2) Upon recommendation by the Army command, ASCCs, DRUs, Army Staff, combatant commanders, Joint Staff or the Office of the Secretary of Defense (OSD), ODCS, G–4 will announce the activation of the wartime CALS.

(3) Upon Joint Staff activation of the wartime JMPAB.

(4) When mandated by the Army Mobilization Planning Guidance document. When mobilization or deployment is imminent, CALS decisions will be required prior to wholesale release and movement of depot stocks to areas involved in such operations. This is not intended to withhold release of pre-configured or special stocks set aside for special operational uses, but to require management allocation decisions based on latest worldwide conditions and priority consideration for the theaters, combatant commanders, and areas of operation where conflict is to be supported.

b. Upon the establishment of a wartime CALS, the peacetime CALS will be disestablished. The wartime CALS will remain in effect until formally disestablished at the direction of the chairperson, at which time the peacetime CALS will be reestablished.

c. All items under normal CALS control will be considered for the initial emergency CALS deliberations.

3–3. Convening in emergency, wartime, or peacetime

During the period between CALS meetings, an agency may determine that a significant logistical problem either exists or is anticipated that will require a coordinated effort to resolve. That agency must issue an "Emergency CALS Request" message that describes the problem in detail to the NICP. Information copies should be sent to appropriate member organizations of the CALS. There is no prescribed format for an "Emergency CALS Request" message; the exception is that the subject must include the words "Emergency CALS Request." The NICP will handle the request in accordance with procedures identified in chapter 2 of this publication.

3–4. Requirements of the chairperson

Requirements of the CALS chairperson are included in the CALS Charter (app B).

3–5. The Working Group

A CALS–Working Group (WG) will be established to support the CALS in times of mobilization and wartime operations. The CALS–WG will have its own chairperson, who will implement and convene the CALS–WG at the call of the CALS chairperson. Further procedures are outlined in the CALS Charter (app B).

3–6. Functions of the committee

Functions are outlined in the CALS Charter (app B).

3–7. Requisitioning controlled items

The project codes in table 3–1 will be used to identify allocated monthly quantities in card columns 57–59 of the Military Standard Requisitioning and Issue Procedures (MILSTRIP) document (DOD 4000.25–1–M).

3–8. Distribution and redistribution

a. The NICPs in compliance with CALS decisions will make distribution and redistribution of CALS-controlled items. The claimants must requisition allocations to Army within 60 days following the end of the allocation month. Allocated quantities not requisitioned within the stated period will be automatically cancelled and reported to CALS for reallocation. Exceptions to the reallocation rules are—

(1) Outside continental United States (OCONUS) allocations remain valid for the allocation period unless cancelled, in writing, by the OCONUS, the ODCS, G–4, or the CALS chairperson.
(2) OCONUS s may aggregate multiple monthly allocations to maximize highly constrained transportation movement capability provided stocks are available for requisitioning.

(3) Due to the highly transitory nature of test requirements, proposed allocation revocation must be coordinated by the NICP with USAMC, the test agency, and HQDA (DALO–SUM).

b. Some munitions requirements (see below) may be adequately portrayed in the current reporting documents. Until computer programming allows automatic inclusion of all known requirements, NICP personnel must be cognizant of and include all requirements in CALS worksheets.

(1) Total package fielding.
(2) Test requirements.
(3) Special projects.

c. Distribution and redistribution of CALS information items will comply with NICP decisions until the item is transferred to a controlled status. There are no restrictions on the submission of requisitions to the NICP for CALS-controlled items.

3–9. Items to be considered for control
Agencies or commands identified in appendix B may nominate items that are in actual or potential short supply for CALS consideration. Criteria for identification of items to be nominated for CALS control are the following:

a. Inability to sustain peacetime training.

b. Inability to field new weapon systems.

c. Inability to supply munitions required for test purposes.

d. Inability to supply munitions for war reserves, within Defense Planning Guidance (DPG) and The Army Plan (TAP), considering Army DARPL priority, AR 710–2, and Army war reserves guidance letters and policy.

e. All missiles classified LCC A, B, or U, are CALS-controlled regardless of condition code prescribed or assigned.

f. The Army munitions requirements for war reserves, operational projects, and training, and the asset status is provided in the Worldwide Ammunition Reporting System (WARS) and the MIDP, as prescribed in AR 700–19. War reserve preposition policy is included in AR 710–2.

3–10. Sustainment and operational readiness assessment
Automation of the CALS worksheets, the allocation process, and the Posture Projections and Sustainment Analysis are to be automated to the maximum extent possible.

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Appendix A
References

Section I
Required Publications

AR 710-2
Supply Policy Below the National Level. (Cited in para 3–9.)

AR 700-19
U.S. Army Munitions Reporting Systems. (Cited in para 3–9.)

Section II
Related Publications
A related publication is merely a source of additional information. The user does not have to read it to understand this publication.

DOD 4000.25–1–M
Military Standard Requisitioning and Issue Procedures (MILSTRIP) (www.dtic.mil/whs/directives/)

DOD 5160.65–M

DODD 5160.65
Single Manager for Conventional Ammunition (SMCA) (www.dtic.mil/whs/directives/)

AR 70–1
Army Acquisition Policy

DA Pam 350–38
Standards in Weapons Training

Section III
Prescribed Forms
This section contains no entries.

Section IV
Referenced Forms
This section contains no entries.

Appendix B
Charter Committee for Ammunition Logistics Support

B–1. Authority
The establishment of the CALS is hereby formalized as an agency of Headquarters, Department of the Army.

B–2. Mission
The CALS is the sole agency of the Department of the Army to make decisions for the world-wide allocation of the Army’s munitions, stocks, and procurement receipts. It is charged with taking action in the name of the Department of the Army to allocate and to control the distribution and redistribution of munitions, which include conventional ammunition, chemical munitions, and missile munitions, in actual or potential short supply, and to identify actions necessary to improve the asset position.

B–3. Control
The CALS operates under the control of the ODCS, G–4 to perform the missions and functions as defined herein. The CALS has decision authority for allocation, control, and distribution of class V munitions (conventional ammunition
and missiles) in peacetime and in time of expanding ammunition requirements such as mobilization, engagement with hostile forces, or wartime operations.

B–4. Organization

a. The CALS is composed of the following:
   2. Co-chairpersons—representatives of HQDA, ODCS, G–3 (DAMO–TRA), and ODCS, G–8 (DAPR–FDX). Other co-chair positions may be designated at the call of the ODCS, G–4 chairperson.
   3. Vice-chairperson—representative of the Commander, USAMC (DCS, G-3).
   4. Executive secretary—A person designated by the Commander, JMC, and the Commander, AMCOM. The executive secretary provides administrative support needed to perform the functions of the CALS meetings.

b. For wartime CALS, chairpersons are to be general officers or Senior Executive Service (SES) level.

B–5. Membership

a. The commands and organizations listed in table B–1 are standing members of the CALS as denoted under peace and war conditions.

b. The principal representatives attending the CALS will be authorized to act in the name of their commands or agencies on matters relating to CALS actions.

B–6. Charter objectives

The objectives of this charter are to—

a. Provide an Army-level decision body that intensively manages munitions in actual or potential short supply during peacetime and wartime. The wartime status includes periods of mobilization, engagement with hostile military forces, and transition to war.

b. Identify munitions requiring both CALS control and monitoring (information items).

c. Allocate current Army assets, designate non-Army assets and stocks due in from production and maintenance during the CALS allocation period.

d. Identify actions that could improve asset availability.

e. Provide an official forum for exchanging information and programs concerning munitions and logistic support between two or more Army commands, Army Service Component Commands (ASCC), Direct Reporting Units (DRU), Theaters, combatant commanders, and DA.

f. Provide for coordination with other military Services and the Executive Director for Conventional Ammunition (EDCA) to resolve issues involving multi-Service claims to existing assets prior to raising the issue to the JMPAB for resolution. An allied objective is to apprise the Joint Staff of the most current status on munitions, enabling the Joint Staff to make allocation decisions within the JMPAB.

g. Provide for the EDCA to be represented on the wartime CALS and the JMPAB. The Executive Director for Conventional Ammunition assists in the resolution of munition allocations and the use of resources, including natural resources, funds, raw materials, explosives, and production capabilities when other Services and multiple combatant commanders are involved.

B–7. Procedures

The chairperson—

a. Determines dates for convening the CALS.

b. Notifies the CALS members and the CALS–WG chairperson to implement the wartime CALS and formalize membership and implement the CALS–WG.

c. Approves agenda for committee meetings in the following two categories:

   1. Discussion on policies, programs, initiatives, issues and topics of mutual interest. These will normally be covered on the first day of the conference.

   2. Allocations by line item and distribution review.

d. Coordinates an agreed-upon format and directs preparation of the CALS worksheets.

e. Conducts and moderates the CALS. Any disagreements among Army commands, ASCCs, DRUs representatives over allocations are reported to the chairperson for final resolution. Issues that cannot be resolved at the CALS are forwarded to CALS GOSC for ARSTAF resolution.

f. Finalizes OCONUS Army commands, ASCCs, DRUs retrograde, buildup programs, and allied support programs.

g. Directs the preparation and dissemination of the CALS minutes to all attendees.

h. Reports the results of the CALS meeting to the GOSC.


a. The CALS–WG is established to assist in accomplishing functions for the wartime/emergency CALS. It provides
asset, production, consumption, and requirements data, and recommendations for wartime CALS decisions. The CALS–WG has a designated chairperson.

b. Members consist of representatives from ODCS, G–4, ODCS, G–3, AMC DCS, G-3, EDCA/SMCA, JMC, AMCOM, and other agencies as requested. The peacetime CALS chairperson, co-chairpersons, and vice-chairperson positions automatically assume their same respective positions for the wartime CALS–WG.

c. The CALS–WG will meet at the call of the CALS chairperson and at the call of the chairperson of the CALS–WG. Meetings under normal circumstances will be convened monthly at HQDA. Meetings can be rescheduled by the chairperson as circumstances dictate.

d. During mobilization, the CALS–WG reviews and analyzes CALS worksheets provided by NICPs, prepares recommended allocations, and makes formal presentations at the wartime CALS meeting.

B–9. Items to be controlled

a. All munitions items that are designated by the CALS as a DA CALS are controlled items. Items identified in actual or potential short supply by any agency or command represented on the CALS may be nominated by that command for CALS control.

b. The principal basis for designating an item for CALS control occurs when the available assets plus receipts from production are inadequate to meet the competing demands of all claimants. Additional criteria for items to be considered for CALS control are provided in paragraph 3–9 of this regulation.

B–10. Committee for Ammunition Logistics Support

The CALS—

a. Conducts reviews of requirements and assets for munitions identified to be in actual or potential short supply. The CALS ensures coordination is effected with appropriate offices and agencies in order to assure that all known requirements are correct and included for CALS consideration. These requirements are included in the following categories:

(1) Ammunition basic load/unit basic load (ABL/UBL) to accompany troops (TAT) and not to accompany troops (NON–TAT).

(2) Ammunition combat load.

(3) Ammunition initial issue quantity (AIIQ).

(4) Minimum distribution system quantity (MDSQ).

(5) Operational projects.

(6) Army prepositioned stocks (APS).

(7) Projected wartime expenditures.

(8) Special projects.

(9) Tests.

(10) Total package fielding/unit materiel fielding (TPF/UMF).

(11) Training.

(12) War reserve stocks, allies (WRSA).

(13) Others as appropriate.

b. Analyzes the current and projected asset posture of claimant commands, taking into consideration all projected receipts, consumption, and retrograde. Operations Support Command and AMCOM obtain current asset balances (not older than 30 days) for inclusion in the CALS worksheets.

c. Reviews each allocation for a 24 months CALS worksheet that will provide a full discussion and analysis of all elements. These elements include war reserve requirements, projected expenditures, procurement, maintenance, and asset data that may influence the allocation decision.

d. Provides a full discussion and analysis of all elements of information and factors that may influence problems presented in the "Emergency CALS Requests" reports.

e. Conducts review of maintenance programs for controlled ammunition to include the status of unserviceable assets on hand, scheduled renovation/rework programs to return the unserviceable assets to a serviceable condition, and stocks that are potential retrograde candidates. The CALS ensures these programs are conducted per U.S. Army policy.
Table B–1
Standing members of the Committee for Ammunition Logistic Support

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<tr>
<th>Member</th>
<th>CALS Peace</th>
<th>CALS War</th>
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<td>Commander, Surface Deployment and Distribution Command (SDDC)</td>
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<td>Director, Systems Integration Management Activity (SIMA)</td>
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Glossary

Section I
Abbreviations

ACOM
Army command

AIIQ
ammunition initial issue quantity

AMC
United States Army Materiel Command

ARCENT
Army Component Army Central Command

ARSTAF
Army Staff

ASCC
Army Service Component Command

CONUS
continental United States

DARPL
Department of the Army Requirements Prioritization List

DCS, G–3
Deputy Chief of Staff, G–3

DCS, G–4
Deputy Chief of Staff, G–4

DCS, G–8
Deputy Chief of Staff, G–8

DODD
Department of Defense Directive

DRU
Direct Reporting Units

EUSA
Eighth U.S. Army

GOSC
General Officer Steering Committee

HQDA
Headquarters, Department of the Army

ILSDP
International Logistics Supply Delivery Plan

ISSA
Intra-service support agreement

LCC
Logistics Control Code
Section II
Terms

Army assets
That materiel on hand in the Army inventory and due in for the Army from production and renovation. It does not include assets on hand or due in from production and maintenance for other Services or for International Logistics Programs.

CALS controlled/short supply item
Any munition item that is experiencing or is forecast to experience demands exceeding available assets.

CALS information item
Any munitions designated by the CALS for ongoing monitoring of distribution and consumption as a potential short supply item.

Combat load
Munitions for deployable units to be carried by each deployed weapon system and directly associated munitions carriers. The overall quantity to be carried by weapons system and carrier is limited to that designated by U.S. Army Training and Doctrine Command/Materiel Developer. Should a system fire more than one specific type of munition, unified commanders may designate a different mix of munitions from that in the AIIQ/(MIIQ). If not changed by the commander the AIIQ/MIIQ will be equal to one combat load.

Executive Director For Conventional Ammunition
The agency responsible for the performance of joint activities delegated to the Commander, U.S. Army Materiel Command in conjunction with the Army mission as the Single Manager for Conventional Ammunition.

Non-Army assets
Munitions on hand in CONUS wholesale base storage and under the management of the SMCA that belong to other military Services or other non-DOD customers that are involved in the CALS information or controlled direction because of agreements through the SMCA, among the Services, or by JMPAB direction. Also, non-Army assets include any item being produced for or owned by other DOD component services, other Federal agencies, and stocks owned by allied Governments, that are, or may be, offered to the Army for allocations.

Single Manager for Conventional Ammunition
As used in this regulation, the Executive Director for Conventional Ammunition and SMCA mission elements of the Army.

Section III
Special Abbreviations and Terms
This publication uses the following abbreviations, brevity codes, and acronyms not contained in AR 310–50.

ABL/UBL
ammunition basic load/unit basic load

AMCOM
U.S. Army Aviation and Missile Command

APS
Army pre-positioned stocks

CALS
Committee for Ammunition Logistics Support

CALS–WG
Committee for Ammunition Logistics Support–Working Group

DCS–AMMO
Deputy Chief of Staff for Ammunition
DPG
Defense Planning Guidance

EDCA
Executive Director for Conventional Ammunition

FORSCOM
Forces Command

GMLR
Guided missiles and large rockets

JMPAB
Joint Materiel Priorities and Allocation Board

MIDP
Missile Distribution Plan

NMF
New materiel fielding

NON–TAT
not to accompany troops

SMCA
Single Manager for Conventional Ammunition

SOUTHCOM
Southern Command, United States Army

UBL
unit basic load

USMC
U.S. Marine Corps